

CDS OVERVIEW DOCUMENT

WHAT IS CDS?

CDS is a concentrated aqueous solution of 3000ppm chlorine dioxide gas in distilled water.

The reaction between MMS and the standard 4% Hcl activator produces chlorine dioxide gas. This distillation solution (the gas absorbed into distilled water over 24 – 36 hours) called CDS, contains no sodium chlorite (NaClO_2) and has a neutral pH.

CDS is made from MMS, but with its neutral PH, is not as reactive in the body as MMS and thus does the same pathogen-destroying work as MMS, without the off-putting taste and nausea many users associate with MMS. CDS is not as strong as MMS and thus is used in higher quantities than MMS. 1 drop of MMS = 20 drops / 1ml of CDS.

Chlorine dioxide, which is the second strongest disinfectant known after ozone, is much more suitable for therapeutic use since it is also capable of penetrating and eliminating biofilm, something that ozone does not do. The great advantage of the therapeutic use of chlorine dioxide is the impossibility of a bacterial resistance to ClO_2 .

CDS only reacts to molecules with an Acidic PH. When that reaction takes place, it releases oxygen and becomes sodium chloride (common salt) and releases its oxygen to further oxidise pathogens of acidic PH present, reducing them to alkaline oxides that is excreted by the body's elimination channels. Its principle therapeutic effect is attributed to the fact that it helps in the recovery of many types of diseases by creating an alkaline environment, while eliminating small acid pathogens through oxidation.

Multicellular tissue, due to its larger size, is not affected by this oxidation process of CDS.

IS IT REALLY A BLEACH / POISON?

We can read online; especially by detractors of ClO_2 treatments in their disinformation articles, that Chlorine Dioxide is a toxic gas and a very strong oxidant, used for the bleaching of textiles and paper. When we look at it in detail, we can see that the amount used for paper bleaching is not in relation to what is used for treatments. Chlorine dioxide is used in highly concentrated form in conjunction with methanol for bleaching paper and silk.

The concentration used is: 11 g per litre. In conjunction with 138 g per litre (total 149 grams!) of sodium chlorate (NaClO_3) which is a much more aggressive and a harmful oxidant. The fact that it is used as a disinfectant is completely irrelevant, since alcohol is also one, and yet we still drink it :) Legal drugs like Warfarin contain rat poison and ingesting too much water can also be lethal to the human body.

Drinking toxic quantities of CDS is impossible, because CDS is an emetic substance and you will vomit it out long before you ingest enough of it to be harmful.

There are NO:

- endocrinological effects associated with the ingestion of chlorine dioxide in humans.
- documented lymphatic immunological effects from ingestion of chlorine dioxide in humans.
- neurological effects associated with the ingestion of chlorine dioxide in humans.
- effects on the reproductive system from ingestion of chlorine dioxide in humans.
- effects where cancer can be associated with chlorine dioxide in humans.
- mutagenic effects associated with chlorine dioxide in humans.

known accumulation effects of chlorine dioxide or chlorite in humans.

CDS can be considered a fairly docile substance for a simple reason: How many drugs can we take 100 times the indicated amount of, without dying? They are very few, not even Aspirin® would fit into this category.

HOW DOES ONE USE CDS?

MAINTENANCE

The first dose is 1-3 ml CDS, adding 200 ml of water, before sleeping, on the first day of treatment. On the second day, repeat this one hour after breakfast and another dose before going to bed. On day three, repeat the morning and evening dose and add another dose one hour after lunchtime.

This protocol is suitable for long-term daily use.

WHEN FIGHTING A VIRAL INFECTION

Start by using 10 - 60 drops on the hour for 8 consecutive hours daily. The dosage you decide on, will be determined by whether you feel slightly nauseated by the dosage taken. If you start with 20 drops (1ml) and feel queasy, reduce it to 10 drops and keep to that dosage for the rest of the day or increase as you prefer later in the day.

On day two, slightly increase your dosage by 10 or 20 drops and see how you feel. Ideally you should be able to take 3ml of CDS on the hour for 8 – 10 hours per day to fight off infection and get well.

Do not combine CDS with other medications. If you need to take additional medication, always take it 2 hours before the use of CDS or 1 hour after the last dose of CDS. The reason for this is that CDS is active in the body for approximately 1 hour and it will detox your medication if it encounters it.

For more protocols, please visit (click on flag icon to select your language):

<https://andreaskalcker.com/en/cds-clo2/cds-protocols.html>

FOR SERIOUS LIFE THREATENING ILLNESS LIKE MALARIA

If the adult patient is severely weakened:

- 8 ml of CDS in the first dose
- 5 ml of CDS in the second hour
- 5 ml of CDS in the fourth hour
- 6 ml of CDS in the sixth hour
- 8 mL CDS in the eighth hour
- 8 ml CDS... When sleeping

Total for the day: 40 ml

Malaria symptoms should disappear using this protocol for just one day. If the fever does not subside at the end of the day, increase one last dose to 10 ml. Take protocol for the next few days until complete remission.

DOSING CDS FOR CHILDREN

For babies: 4 daily doses of 10-20 drops / 0.5-1 ml CDS with 200ml of water every 3 hours. Increase to 2ml more, if necessary. Administer for 2 – 3 days, depending on symptoms.

For children: 5 daily doses of 1 ml with water every 2 hours. Administer for at least 3 days.

How does one make CDS?

1. Fill a hermetically sealed jar with 300ml of distilled water (battery water)
2. Add 5ml of MMS and 5ml of Activator in a clean shot glass
3. Place shot glass inside the distilled water inside the jar
4. Close immediately
5. Place away from light and heat to stand for 12-24h hours
6. Open up after that period and discard content of shot glass / or retain to be used as surface disinfectant
7. Keep the jar closed while you rinse and dry the shot glass
8. Repeat the process of adding 5ml of MMS + 5ml of Activator in the clean shot glass and standing it in the same (now light yellow) distilled water.
9. You will thus be repeating this cycle for a second time.
10. Close immediately and place away in a cool dark place for another 12-24 hours.
11. After at least 12 hours, open and decant the 300ml of what is now CDS at 3000ppm.
12. Discard the contents of the shot glass / or retain it in a separate container to be used as surface disinfectant
13. Decant the finished CDS into a dark bottle for storage in a cool dark place (the fridge could work) to store for up to 3 months.

How does one make your own CDS spritzer solution?

1. Add 1g of quality sea salt to 100ml of water to create a saline solution
2. Use this solution to mix with CDS at a 2/3 Saline Solution to 1/3 CDS.
3. Decant this solution into a spritzer bottle and use it daily to stop any vaccine shedding from infection your body

How do you use your CDS Spritzer:

1. Sprits the eyes while holding them open
2. Sprits the ears
3. Sprits in front of your mouth and inhale at the same time
4. Sprits in front of your nose and inhale simultaneously
5. Sprits on your skin if you have physical contact with vaccinated persons
6. Sprits your animals in the same way